Financial Statements of

CANADIAN COUNCIL OF CHRISTIAN CHARITIES EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Trustees of Canadian Council of Christian Charities Employees Pension Plan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Canadian Council of Christian Charities Employees Pension Plan (the Plan), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019
- · the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the statement of financial position of the Plan as at December 31, 2019, and its changes in net assets for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Page 2

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Plan or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Plan's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control.



Page 3

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Plan to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Waterloo, Canada May 25, 2020

KPMG LLP

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

		2019		2018
Assets				
Cash	\$	35,096	\$	62,780
Contributions receivable				
Employee		99,419		96,506
Employer		192,520		186,091
Other accounts receivable		10,752		10,695
Prepaid expenses		3,212		-
Investments (note 4)	47	,632,427	41,	395,743
	47	,973,426	41,	751,815
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		31,531		22,905
		31,531		22,905
Net assets				
Net assets available for benefits	47	,924,367	41,0	678,341
Net asset available for future expenses		17,528	,	50,569
·	47	,941,895	41,	728,910
Pension obligations (note 2(a))	47	,941,895	41,	728,910
Surplus (deficit)	\$	_	\$	-

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Trustees:

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

	2019	2018
Net assets increased (decreased) by:		
Employer contributions:		
Current service	\$ 2,199,677	\$ 2,148,821
Employee contributions		
Required	954,043	943,411
Voluntary	217,445	169,580
Transfers from other plans	1,740,500	2,106,636
·	2,911,988	3,219,627
Benefits and transfers		
Benefits paid	(464,300)	(364,093)
Transfers to other plans	(4,730,143)	(6,132,956)
	(5,194,443)	(6,497,049)
Administrative expenses (note 5)	(443,237)	(447,464)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	6,739,000	(974,248)
Increase (decrease) in net assets	6,212,985	(2,550,313)
Net assets, beginning of year	41,728,910	44,279,223
Net assets, end of year	\$ 47,941,895	\$ 41,728,910
Increase (decrease) in net assets represented by:		
Net assets available for benefits	\$ 6,246,026	\$ (2,559,177)
Net assets available for future expenses	(33,041)	8,864
	\$ 6,212,985	\$ (2,550,313)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

1. Description of the Plan:

The following description of the Canadian Council of Christian Charities Employees Pension Plan (the "Plan") is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the Plan's Declaration of Trust and its Plan Text.

General

The Plan is a multi-employer defined contribution pension plan governed by a trust agreement dated October 1, 1982 as amended from time to time. The Plan is registered with the Financial Services Regulatory Authority of Ontario and with Canada Revenue Agency under registration number 0446773.

Funds of the Plan are held in trust by Trustees appointed by Canadian Council of Christian Charities and are invested in segregated funds and guaranteed investment instruments selected by the Trustees, in accordance with the investment policy set by the Trustees. Each member of the plan individually allocates the funds in their personal account to the Trustee selected segregated funds and guaranteed investment instruments.

The Trustees have engaged Canadian Council of Christian Charities as overall administrator.

Great West Life Group Retirement Services ("GRS") has been appointed as the record-keeper by the Trustees to provide certain member services (statements, on-line account information and other general and educational information) and to manage the segregated funds and guaranteed investment instruments. GRS also provides day-to-day administration including the allocation of earnings to the members' accounts.

The Plan also engages the services of pension consultants for plan design and performance measurement advice.

2. Basis of presentation:

(a) Basis of presentation:

As permitted by the Financial Services Regulatory Authority of Ontario under Section 76 of the Regulation to the Pension Benefits Act (Ontario), the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standard for pension plans. Accounting policies that do not relate to the Plan's investment portfolio or pension obligation comply with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises.

The Plan is a defined contribution plan. For a defined contribution pension plan, premium benefits are determined by the employer's and employees' contributions and the performance of the plan. Actuarial valuations are not required as the pension obligation equals the net assets available for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

2. Basis of presentation (continued):

(a) Basis of presentation (continued):

A statement of changes in pension obligations has not been provided, since the change in the pension obligation for the year is equal to the change in net assets available for benefits for that year.

(b) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investments, which are measured at fair value through the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits.

(c) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial position and the reported amounts in the changes in assets during the year. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

3. Significant accounting policies:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities:
 - (i) Financial assets:

Financial assets are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Plan becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs are recognized in the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits as incurred.

The Plan measures all of its investments at fair value through the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits.

Other financial assets are measured at amortized cost.

The Plan derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Plan neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued):
 - (i) Financial assets (continued):

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset, and consideration received is recognized in the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits as a net realized gain on sale of investments. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Plan has a legal right to offset the amounts and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(ii) Financial liabilities:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially on the trade date at which the Plan becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Plan derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

(b) Fair value measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair values of investments are determined as follows:

Guaranteed interest accounts are recorded at cost plus accrued interest income.

Investments in the pooled segregated funds are valued at market. The unit values of the segregated funds are calculated by dividing the net assets value of the funds by the number of units outstanding. Pooled segregated fund investments are valued at the unit values supplied by the investment manager of those funds.

The realized and unrealized gains on investments includes interest income on guaranteed interest accounts, realized gains/losses on sale of units of the segregated funds and unrealized market appreciation/depreciation of the segregated funds.

(c) Benefits and transfers

Lump-sum payments or terminations out of the Plan are accounted for in the period in which the election to effect such payment or transfer is made, or the period of termination where such election is made prior to the end of the year.

(d) Income taxes:

The Plan is a registered pension plan, as defined by the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is not subject to income taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

4. Investments

The Plan holds units in various pooled funds administered by Great West Life Group Retirement Services. The investments held by the Plan, and the changes in fund segments and total investments are summarized as follows:

	2019									
		Fund value		Net		Change		Expenses		Fund value
		January 1,	ir	nvestment		in market	(charged to	De	ecember 31
		2019		in fund		value		fund		2019
Balanced	\$	4,096,939	\$	(422,982)	\$	599,035	\$	(38,440)	\$	4,234,552
Canadian equity		1,271,820		(46,828)		271,182		(13,734)		1,482,440
Fixed income		447,982		71,951		30,771		(4,159)		546,545
Money market		142,111		(55,840)		2,101		(966)		87,406
SRI balanced		53,383		4,493		6,490		(562)		63,804
American equity		1,543,986		(49,421)		414,178		(16,061)		1,892,682
International equity		498,987		(66,746)		56,234		(6,257)		482,218
SRI Canadian equity		210,994		(39,678)		38,956		(1,690)		208,582
Guaranteed										
investments		462,992		151,359		7,200		-		621,551
ClearPath 2020		9,574,459		(376,835)		1,273,405		(101,377)		10,369,652
ClearPath 2025		6,215,214		58,726		935,883		(68,107)		7,141,716
ClearPath 2030		5,018,538		(53,285)		821,357		(56,187)		5,730,423
ClearPath 2035		3,975,845		21,533		704,076		(43,870)		4,657,584
ClearPath 2040		3,654,474		283,216		724,520		(42,099)		4,620,111
ClearPath 2045		2,209,255		189,629		440,804		(25,496)		2,814,192
ClearPath 2050		1,494,811		119,830		299,643		(17,483)		1,896,801
ClearPath 2055		519,678		135,758		111,316		(6,624)		760,128
ClearPath 2060		4,275		16,041		1,849		(125)		22,040
	\$	41,395,743		\$(59,079)	\$	6,739,000		\$(443,237)	\$	47,632,427

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

4. Investments (continued):

		2	018		
	Fund value	Net	Change	Expenses	Fund value
	January 1,	investment	in market	charged to	December 31
-	2018	in fund	value	fund	2018
D	A 4047.005	Φ (40.404) Φ	(05.004) Ф	(00.000)	Φ 4000000
Balanced	\$ 4,217,695	\$ (16,184) \$	(65,604) \$	(,,	
Canadian equity	1,557,963	(182,181)	(90,461)	(13,501)	1,271,820
Fixed income	484,433	(38,515)	6,409	(4,345)	447,982
Money market	135,594	5,657	2,019	(1,159)	142,111
SRI balanced	41,812	12,641	(644)	(426)	53,383
American equity	1,301,987	222,587	32,606	(13,194)	1,543,986
International equity	525,622	19,048	(38,702)	(6,981)	498,987
SRI Canadian equity	283,613	(55,650)	(14,796)	(2,173)	210,994
Guaranteed					
Investments	435,927	26,449	616	-	462,992
ClearPath 2020	11,281,750	(1,466,821)	(127,963)	(112,507)	9,574,459
ClearPath 2025	6,475,643	(64,036)	(127,823)	(68,570)	6,215,214
ClearPath 2030	5,021,829	172,696	(121,737)	(54,250)	5,018,538
ClearPath 2035	3,952,264	199,222	(132,771)	(42,870)	3,975,845
ClearPath 2040	4,112,589	(284,547)	(130,460)	(43,108)	3,654,474
ClearPath 2045	2,258,775	` 59,033 [′]	(84,192)	(24,361)	2,209,255
ClearPath 2050	1,447,748	122,230	(59,197)	(15,970)	1,494,811
ClearPath 2055	402,436	143,761	(21,447)	(5,072)	519,678
ClearPath 2060	-	4,385	(101)	(9)	4,275
	\$ 43,937,680	\$(1,120,225) \$	(974,248) \$	(447,464)	\$ 41,395,743

5. Administrative expenses:

	2019	2018
Investment management fees	\$ 292,992	\$ 329,460
Administration fees Consulting fees	75,781 29,957	50,625 30,105
Insurance Filing fee – Ontario	13,986 18,749	13,986 10,312
Audit Trustee meetings	6,846 2,837	6,737 5,124
Sundry	2,089	1,115
	\$ 443,237	\$ 447,464

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

6. Related party transactions:

Administration fees of \$75,781 (2018 - \$50,625) were paid by the Plan to Canadian Council of Christian Charities.

7. Financial instruments:

The assets of the plan (as outlined in note 4) are held in individual Member accounts held under the Plan. The asset mix of each Member account is the sole responsibility of the Member.

(a) Fair value:

Fair value measurements recognized in the statement of financial position are categorized using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in determining fair value.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Plan's investments were classified as Level 2 as at December 31, 2019.

There were no transfers of investments between levels during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

7. Financial instruments (continued):

(b) Associated risks:

(i) Market risk:

In this defined contribution pension plan, the members direct the investment decisions for the assets in their accounts. As a result, the Plan does not provide the quantitative sensitivity analysis disclosure for market risk.

(ii) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Plan maintains cash on hand for liquidity purposes and to pay administrative expenses and professional fees payable. At December 31, 2019, the Plan had cash in the amount of \$35,096 (2018 - \$62,780).

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss as a result of the Plan's counterparties not being able to meet payment obligations as they become due. The Plan's credit risk concentration is spread among guaranteed interest accounts and investments in pooled segregated fund units.

8. Capital management:

The main objective of the Plan is to assist eligible employees in accumulating savings for their retirement. The Plan fulfills its primary objective by adhering to specific investment policies outlined in its Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures (the "SIPP"), which is reviewed annually by the Plan Administrator, including the offering of a diversified selection of investment alternatives to its members. The Plan manages net assets by engaging knowledgeable investment managers who are charged with the responsibility of investing existing funds and new funds (current year's employee and employer contributions) in accordance with the instructions provided by the respective Plan members.

Although there are no regulatory requirements relating to the level of net assets, the Plan is required to file annual financial statements with the Financial Services Regulatory Authority of Ontario, under Section 76 of the Regulations to the Pension Benefits Act (Ontario).

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

9. Statutory disclosure:

The following information is provided in respect of individual investments with a cost or fair value in excess of 1% of the cost or fair value of the Plan, as required by Section 76 of Regulation to the Pension Benefits Act (Ontario):

Fund name	Fund operator	Nature of investments held	Fair value
ClearPath 2020	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	10,369,652
ClearPath 2025	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	7,141,715
ClearPath 2030	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	5,730,423
ClearPath 2035	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	4,657,584
ClearPath 2040	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	4,620,112
ClearPath 2045	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	2,814,190
ClearPath 2050	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	1,896,801
ClearPath 2055	Fidelity Investments	Target date funds	760,129
Balanced	Jarislowsky Fraser	Equity and bonds	4,234,551
Canadian equity	Jarislowsky Fraser	Canadian equities	1,482,440
Fixed income	MFS Investment Management	Canadian bonds	546,546
American equity	MFS Investment Management	U.S. equities	1,892,682
International equity	Sprucegrove Investment Management	International equities	482,218

10. Subsequent event:

Subsequent to December 31, 2019 the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the financial effect on the pension fund and the sponsor is not known at this time. These impacts could include impairment of the investment portfolio, change in the termination benefits or decreases in investment revenue.